



## **Infection Prevention Recommendations for Individuals Confirmed to have, or Being Evaluated for, 2019 Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) Infection Who Receive Care at Home**

Individuals who are confirmed to have, or are being evaluated for, COVID-19 should follow the prevention steps below until a healthcare provider or local or state health department says they can return to normal activities.

### **Stay home except to get medical care**

You should restrict activities outside your home, except for getting medical care. Do not go to work, school, or public areas, and do not use public transportation or taxis.

### **Call ahead before visiting your doctor**

Before your medical appointment, call the healthcare provider and tell them that you have, or are being evaluated for, COVID-19 infection. This will help the healthcare provider's office take steps to keep other people from getting infected. Ask your healthcare provider to call the local or state health department.

### **Monitor your symptoms**

Seek prompt medical attention if your illness is worsening (e.g., difficulty breathing). **Before** going to your medical appointment, call the healthcare provider and tell them that you have, or are being evaluated for, COVID-19 infection. Ask your healthcare provider to call the local or state health department.

### **Wear a facemask**

You should wear a facemask that covers your nose and mouth when you are in the same room with other people and when you visit a healthcare provider. People who live with or visit you should also wear a facemask while they are in the same room with you.

### **Separate yourself from other people in your home**

As much as possible, you should stay in a different room from other people in your home. Also, you should use a separate bathroom, if available.

### **Avoid sharing household items**

You should not share dishes, drinking glasses, cups, eating utensils, towels, bedding, or other items with other people in your home. After using these items, you should wash them thoroughly with soap and water.

### **Cover your coughs and sneezes**

Cover your mouth and nose with a tissue when you cough or sneeze, or you can cough or sneeze into your sleeve. Throw used tissues in a lined trash can, and immediately wash your hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds or use an alcohol-based hand rub.

### **Wash your hands**

Wash your hands often and thoroughly with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. You can use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer if soap and water are not available and if your hands are not visibly dirty. Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.

## Prevention Steps for Caregivers and Household Members of Individuals Confirmed to have, or Being Evaluated for, COVID-19 Infection Being Cared for in the Home

If you live with, or provide care at home for, a person confirmed to have, or being evaluated for, COVID-19 infection please follow these guidelines to prevent infection:

### Follow healthcare provider's instructions

Make sure that you understand and can help the patient follow any healthcare provider instructions for all care.

### Provide for the patient's basic needs

You should help the patient with basic needs in the home and provide support for getting groceries, prescriptions, and other personal needs.

### Monitor the patient's symptoms

If they are getting sicker, call his or her medical provider and tell them that the patient has, or is being evaluated for, COVID-19 infection. This will help the healthcare provider's office take steps to keep other people from getting infected. Ask the healthcare provider to call the local or state health department.

### Limit the number of people who have contact with the patient

- If possible, have **only one caregiver** for the patient.
- Other household members should stay in another home or place of residence. If this is not possible, they should stay in another room, or be separated from the patient as much as possible. Use a separate bathroom, if available.
- Restrict visitors** who do not have an essential need to be in the home.

### Keep older adults, very young children, and other sick people away from the patient

Keep older adults, very young children, and those who have compromised immune systems or chronic health conditions away from the patient. This includes people with chronic heart, lung, or kidney conditions, diabetes, and cancer.

### Ensure good ventilation

Make sure that shared spaces in the home have good air flow, such as from an air conditioner or an opened window, weather permitting.

### Wash your hands often

- Wash your hands often and thoroughly with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.** You can use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer if soap and water are not available and if your hands are not visibly dirty.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
- Use disposable paper towels** to dry your hands. If not available, use dedicated cloth towels and replace them when they become wet.

### **Wear a facemask and gloves**

- Wear a disposable facemask** at all times in the room **and gloves** when you touch or have contact with the patient's blood, body fluids, and/or secretions or excretions, such as sweat, saliva, sputum, nasal mucus, vomit, urine, or feces. Ensure the mask fits over your nose and mouth tightly, and do not touch it during use.
- Throw out disposable facemasks and gloves after using them. **Do not reuse.**
- Wash your hands immediately** after removing your facemask and gloves.
- If your personal clothing becomes contaminated, carefully remove clothing and launder. **Wash your hands** after handling contaminated clothing.
- Place all used disposable facemasks, gloves, and other waste in a lined container before disposing them with other household waste.
- Remove gloves and wash your hands** immediately after handling these items.

### **Do not share dishes, glasses, or other household items with the patient**

- Avoid sharing household items. You should not share dishes, drinking glasses, cups, eating utensils, towels, bedding, or other items with a patient who is confirmed to have, or being evaluated for, COVID-19 infection.
- After the person uses these items, you should wash them thoroughly with soap and water.

### **Wash laundry thoroughly**

- Immediately remove and wash clothes or bedding that have blood, body fluids, and/or secretions or excretions, such as sweat, saliva, sputum, nasal mucus, vomit, urine, or feces, on them.
- Wear gloves** when handling laundry from the patient.
- Read and follow directions on labels of laundry or clothing items and detergent. In general, wash and dry with the warmest temperatures recommended on the label.

### **Clean all areas the individual has used often**

- Clean all touchable surfaces**, such as counters, tabletops, doorknobs, bathroom fixtures, toilets, phones, keyboards, tablets, and bedside tables, every day. Also, clean any surfaces that may have blood, body fluids, and/or secretions or excretions on them.
- Wear gloves** when cleaning surfaces the patient has come in contact with.
- Use a **diluted bleach solution** (e.g., dilute bleach with 1 part bleach and 10 parts water) or a household disinfectant with a label that says **EPA-registered for coronaviruses**. To make a bleach solution at home, add 1 tablespoon of bleach to 1 quart (4 cups) of water. For a larger supply, add ¼ cup of bleach to 1 gallon (16 cups) of water.
- Read labels of cleaning products and follow recommendations provided on product labels. Labels contain instructions for safe and effective use of the cleaning product including precautions you should take when applying the product, such as wearing gloves or eye protection and making sure you have good ventilation during use of the product.
- Remove gloves and wash hands** immediately after cleaning.

### **Monitor yourself for signs and symptoms of illness**

Caregivers and household members are considered close contacts, should monitor their health, and will be asked to limit movement outside of the home to the extent possible. Follow the monitoring steps for close contacts listed on the symptom monitoring form.

- If you have additional questions, call your doctor or contact your local health department.
- This guidance is subject to change. For the most up-to-date guidance from CDC, please refer to their website: <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/guidance-prevent-spread.html>